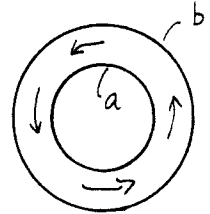


- 1) An infinitely long cylinder (inner radius a , outer radius b) is magnetized in the \hat{x} direction as shown. Assume \vec{M} is constant in magnitude



(a) Find all of the bound currents.

(b) Find \vec{B} for i) $s < a$; ii) $a < s < b$; iii) $s > b$.

- 2) This is a problem to find \vec{B} at a point a distance z above an infinite sheet of current. The current \vec{K} is in the x - y plane and moves in the $+\hat{x}$ direction. You are to use the following method:

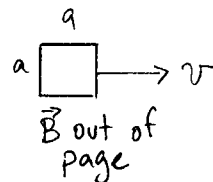
(a) First find the vector potential. If you work the problem directly \vec{A} will be infinite, so keep your answer finite by calculating for a finite sheet. The math is easiest for a disc of radius R

(b) Find \vec{B} from \vec{A} .

(c) Take the limit $R \rightarrow \infty$.

If you can't do the problem as described, you can get partial credit finding \vec{B} some other way.

- 3) A square coil, dimensions a by a and total resistance R is pulled at constant velocity



$\vec{v} = v\hat{x}$ through a field that increases linearly with x ,
 $\vec{B} = (B_0 + \alpha x)\hat{z}$.

(a) Find the direction of the induced current in the loop.

(b) Find the magnitude of I .

(c) How much power is being dissipated in the coil ($P = \mathcal{E} \cdot I$)?

(d) Find the force necessary to pull the coil along.

(e) Show that the work done in time t is equal to the energy dissipated in the coil.